## Cambridge International AS Level

MATHEMATICS
Paper 2 Pure Mathematics 2

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 50

**Published** 

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the

examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of 12 printed pages.

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#### **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

#### GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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#### **Mathematics Specific Marking Principles**

- Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
- 2 Unless specified in the question, non-integer answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
- 3 Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
- 4 Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
- Where a candidate has misread a number or sign in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 A or B mark for the misread.
- 6 Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

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#### **Mark Scheme Notes**

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

#### Types of mark

- Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- **B** Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- DM or DB When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly, when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
  - FT Implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only.
- A or B marks are given for correct work only (not for results obtained from incorrect working) unless follow through is allowed (see abbreviation FT above).
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if the answer is correct to 3 significant figures or would be correct to 3 significant figures if rounded (1 decimal place for angles in degrees).
- The total number of marks available for each question is shown at the bottom of the Marks column.
- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not result in loss of marks unless the guidance indicates otherwise.
- Square brackets [] around text or numbers show extra information not needed for the mark to be awarded.

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#### **Abbreviations**

AEF/OE Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable) / Or Equivalent

AG Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)

CAO Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no 'follow through' from a previous error is allowed)

CWO Correct Working Only

ISW Ignore Subsequent Working

SOI Seen Or Implied

SC Special Case (detailing the mark to be given for a specific wrong solution, or a case where some standard marking practice is to be varied in the

light of a particular circumstance)

WWW Without Wrong Working

AWRT Answer Which Rounds To

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
1	State or imply that $\cos \theta = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{5}$	B1	or exact equivalent.	
	Substitute appropriate values into $\sin\theta\cos60^{\circ} + \cos\theta\sin60^{\circ}$	M1		
	Obtain $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}\sqrt{15}$	A1	or exact equivalent.	
		3		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
2	State or imply derivative of $\tan \frac{1}{2}x$ is $\frac{1}{2}\sec^2 \frac{1}{2}x$ or derivative of $\cos 2x$ is $-2\sin 2x$	B1	
	Attempt use of product rule to find first derivative	*M1	
	Obtain correct $\frac{3}{2}\sec^2\frac{1}{2}x\cos 2x - 6\tan\frac{1}{2}x\sin 2x$	A1	or (unsimplified) equivalent.
	Substitute $\frac{1}{3}\pi$ into attempt at first derivative and attempt evaluation to find the gradient	DM1	
	Obtain –4	<b>A1</b>	
		5	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(a)	Obtain $2\ln(2x-5)$	B1	
	Apply limits correctly	M1	For integral of form $k \ln(2x-5)$ .
	Use one relevant logarithm property correctly	M1	For integral of form $k \ln(2x-5)$ .
	Apply second logarithm property correctly and obtain ln25	A1	
		4	
3(b)	Integrate to obtain $\frac{1}{2}e^{2x-5}$	B1	
	Obtain final answer $\frac{1}{2}e^{15} - \frac{1}{2}e^{3}$	B1FT	or exact equivalent, FT on their $ke^{2x-5}$ .
		2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(a)	Draw V-shaped graph with vertex on positive <i>x</i> -axis	B1	
	Draw (more or less) correct graph of $y = 2x + 7$ with smaller gradient	B1	And crossing <i>y</i> -axis above <i>y</i> -intercept of modulus graph.
		2	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
4(b)	Solve $3x-5=2x+7$ to obtain $x=12$	B1			
	Attempt solution of linear equation where signs of $3x$ and $2x$ are different	M1	3x-5=-2x-7 OE.		
	Obtain $x = -\frac{2}{5}$	A1			
	Alternative solution for question 4(b)				
	State or imply non-modulus equation $(3x-5)^2 = (2x+7)^2$	B1	Must be working with $(3x-5)^2 = (2x+7)^2$		
	Attempt solution of 3-term quadratic equation	M1			
	Obtain $-\frac{2}{5}$ and 12	A1			
		3			
4(c)	Apply logarithms and use power law for $3^y = k$ where $k > 0$ or correct equivalent	M1	Using <i>their</i> positive answer from part ( <b>b</b> ) or greater accuracy; and no other values.		
	Obtain 2.26	<b>A1</b>			
		2			

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance	
5(a)	Substitute $x = -2$ and equate to zero	*M1		
	Substitute $x = -1$ and equate to $-11$	*M1		
	Obtain $4a-2b-68=0$ and $a-b-26=-11$ or equivalents	A1		
	Solve a pair of relevant simultaneous linear equations to find a or b	DM1	Dependent at least one M1 mark.	
	Obtain $a=19$ and $b=4$	A1		
		5		
5(b)	Divide by $x+2$ at least as far as the x term	M1	or equivalent (inspection,).	
	Obtain $(x+2)^2(6x-5)$	A1	OE	
	Replace (or imply replacement of) $x$ by $3x$ in factorised form	M1		
	Obtain $-\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{5}{18}$	A1	and no others.	
1				

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6(a)	Use $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$	B1	
	Express in terms of $\sin \theta$ and $\cos \theta$ only	M1	Dependent on B1.
	Obtain given result $4 + 6\cos\theta - 4\cos^2\theta$ with sufficient detail	A1	AG
		3	
6(b)	Attempt use of formula to solve 3-term quadratic equation as far as $\cos \theta = k_1$	M1	where $-1 < k_1 < 1$ .
	Solve $4\cos^2\theta - 6\cos\theta - 7 = 0$ to obtain at least $\cos\theta = -0.770$	A1	or exact equivalent $\cos \theta = \frac{6 - \sqrt{148}}{8}$ .
	Obtain -2.45	A1	or greater accuracy; and no others between $-\pi$ and $0$ .
		3	
6(c)	Express $\cos^2 \theta$ term in the form $k_2 + k_3 \cos 2\theta$	M1	where $k_2 k_3 \neq 0$ .
	Obtain integrand $6\cos\theta + 2 - 2\cos 2\theta$	A1	Following the 3-term expression in $\cos \theta$ from part (a).
	Integrate to obtain correct $6\sin\theta + 2\theta - \sin 2\theta$	A1	Condone absence of $+c$ , but all in terms of $\theta$ .
		3	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(a)	Differentiate $y^3$ to obtain $3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx}$	B1	
	Differentiate complete equation to produce at least one term involving $\frac{dy}{dx}$ using implicit differentiation.	M1	
	Obtain $2e^{2x} - 18 + 3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{dy}{dx} = 0$	A1	
	Substitute $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ to obtain either $p = \frac{1}{2} \ln 9$ or $p = \ln 3$	A1	
		4	
7(b)	Substitute value of $p$ in original equation and rearrange as far as $y^3 =$ or $q^3 =$	M1	Allow in terms of ln9.
	Obtain given result $q = \sqrt[3]{2 + 18\ln 3 - q}$ or $y = \sqrt[3]{2 + 18\ln 3 - y}$ with sufficient detail	A1	AG
		2	
7(c)	Consider sign of $q - \sqrt[3]{2 + 18 \ln 3 - q}$ or equivalent for 2.5 and 3.0	M1	
	Obtain -0.18 and 0.34 with sufficient detail and justify conclusion	A1	OE
		2	

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	October/November 2023	
Guidance		
actly 4 s.f.		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(d)	Use iteration process correctly at least once	M1	
	Obtain final answer $q = 2.673$	<b>A1</b>	Answer required to exactly 4 s.f.
	Show sufficient iterations to 6 sf to justify answer or show sign change in the interval [2.6725, 2.6735]	A1	
		3	

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